

Hot results from PHENIX

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for the PHENIX collaboration

15 papers published since the last User meeting

Two pillars in the PHENIX experimental program: **Spin** and **Heavy-ions**

Today's talk:

Spin:

- Zoom in on gluons' contribution to proton spin with A_{LL} measurements
- The polarized sea quark and anti-quark distributions from $W^{+/-} A_L$
- A_N of forward neutrons: surprises from first polarized p+A collisions !

Heavy-ion physics:

- Microscopic structure probed with charm, bottom, and jets
- System evolution puzzles:
 - Large direct photon flow in Au+Au
 - Flow in small systems

The proton spin puzzle

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + \Delta L_q + \Delta L_g$$

Know very little

~ 0.33
(small)

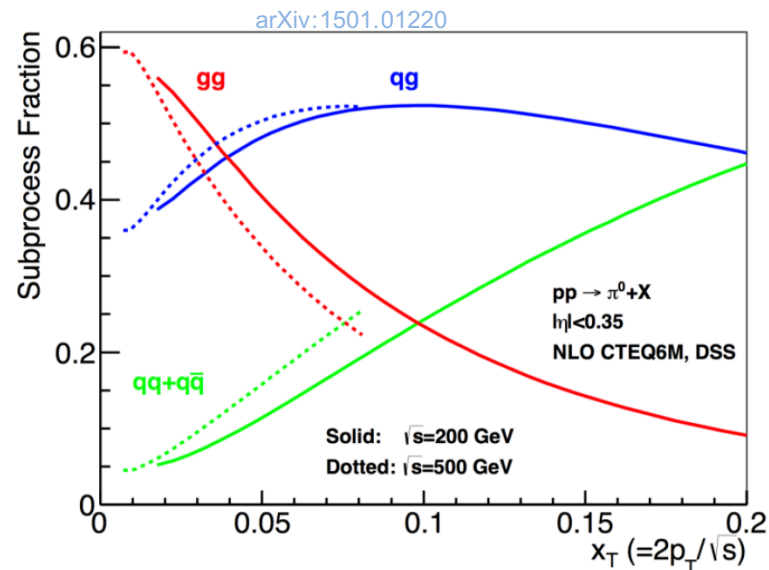
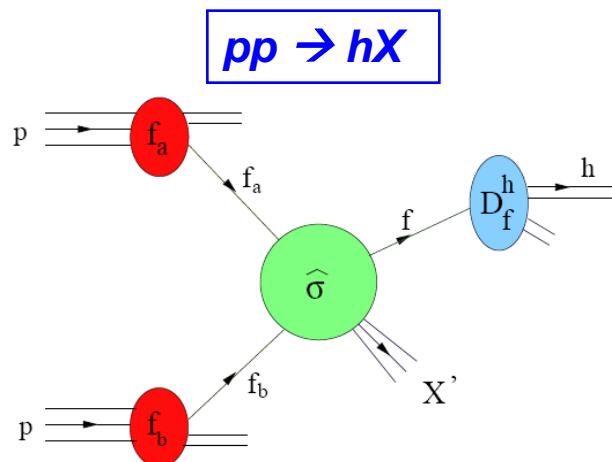
Poorly constrained

$$\Delta\Sigma = \Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta\bar{u} + \Delta\bar{d} + \dots$$

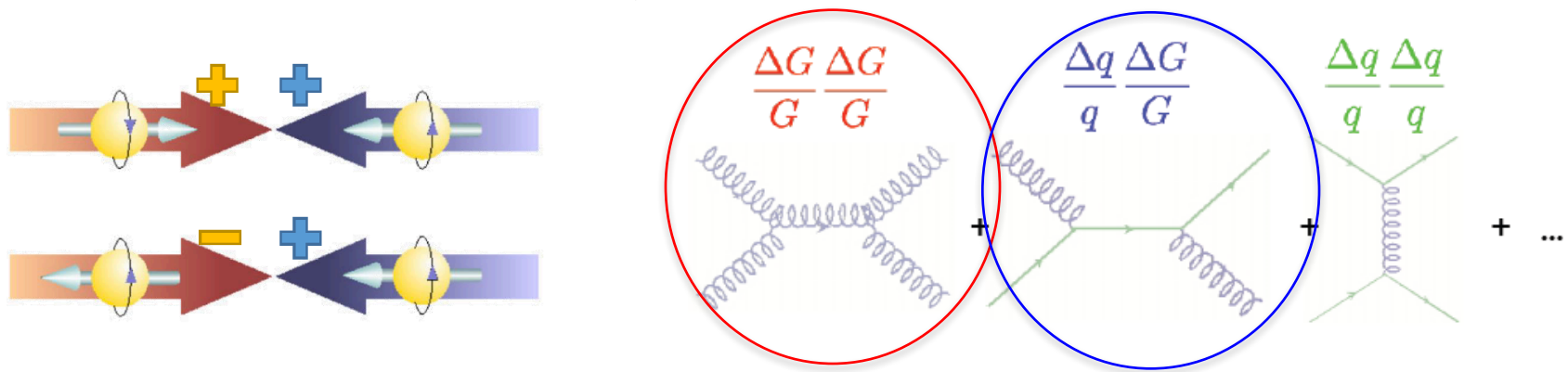
Poorly constrained

How much of the proton spin is carried by gluons ?

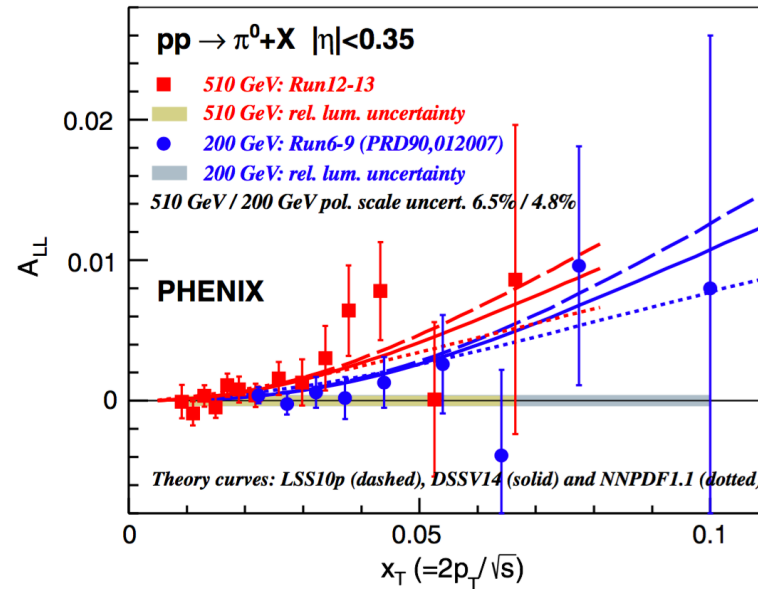
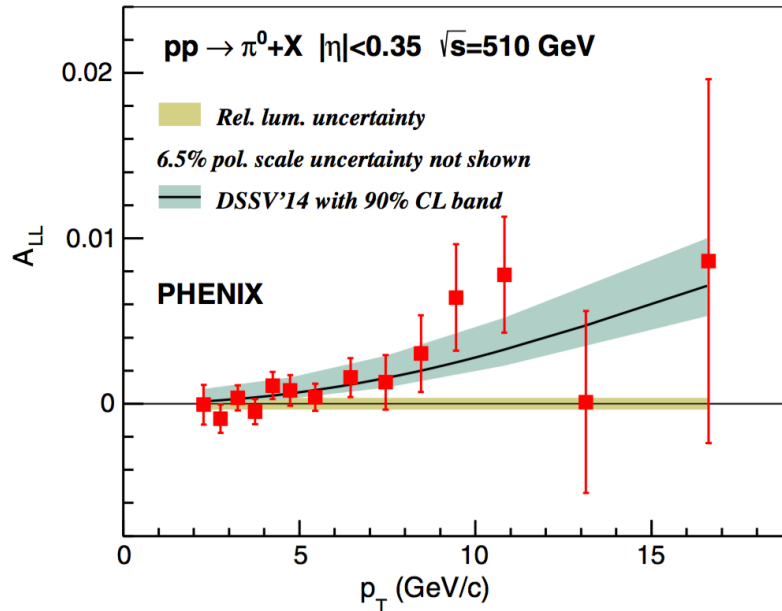
Probing ΔG in polarized pp collisions with π^0 A_{LL}



$$A_{LL} = \frac{d\sigma^{++} - d\sigma^{+-}}{d\sigma^{++} + d\sigma^{+-}} = \frac{\sum_{a,b} \Delta f_a \otimes \Delta f_b \otimes d\hat{\sigma}^{f_a f_b \rightarrow fX} \cdot \hat{a}_{LL}^{f_a f_b \rightarrow fX} \otimes D_f^h}{\sum_{a,b} f_a \otimes f_b \otimes d\hat{\sigma}^{f_a f_b \rightarrow fX} \otimes D_f^h}$$

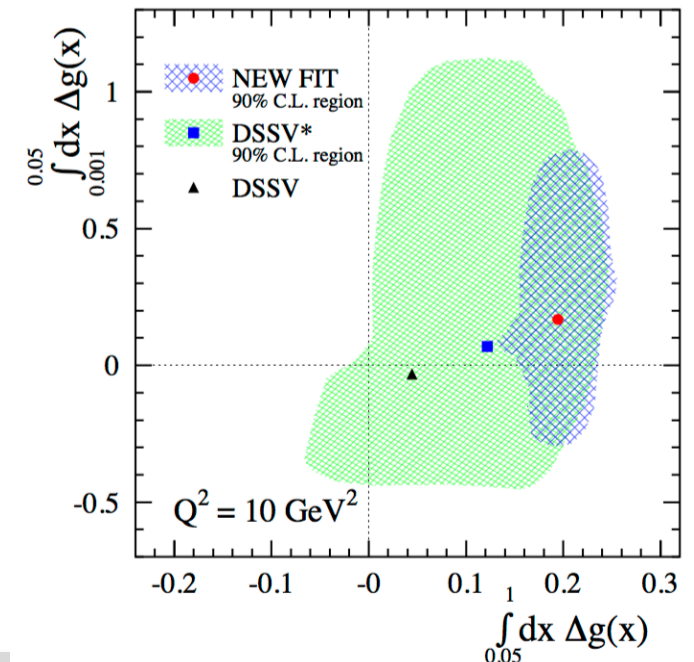


Zooming in on ΔG : π^0 at $|\eta| < 0.35$



Phys. Rev. D 93, 011501(R) (2016)

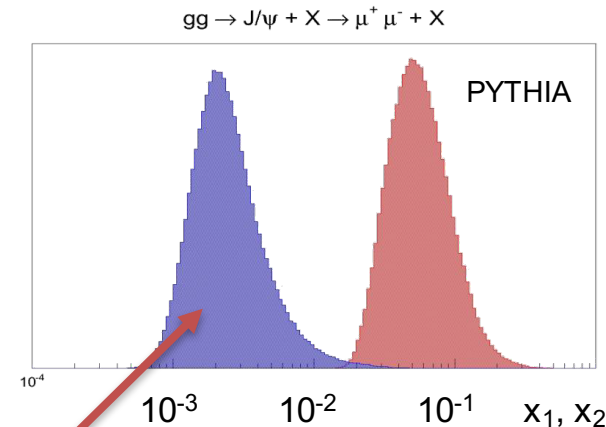
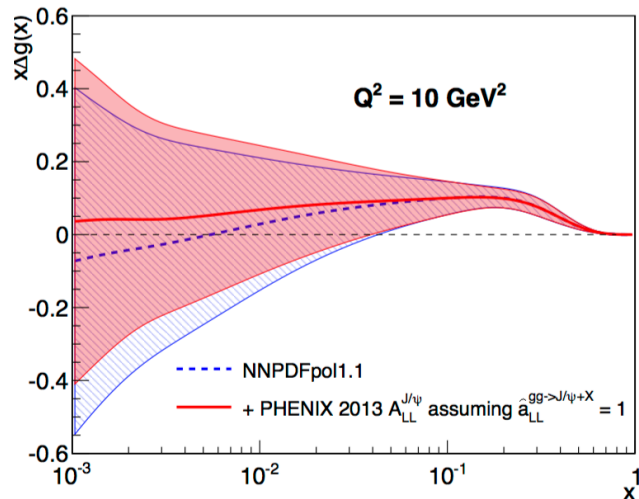
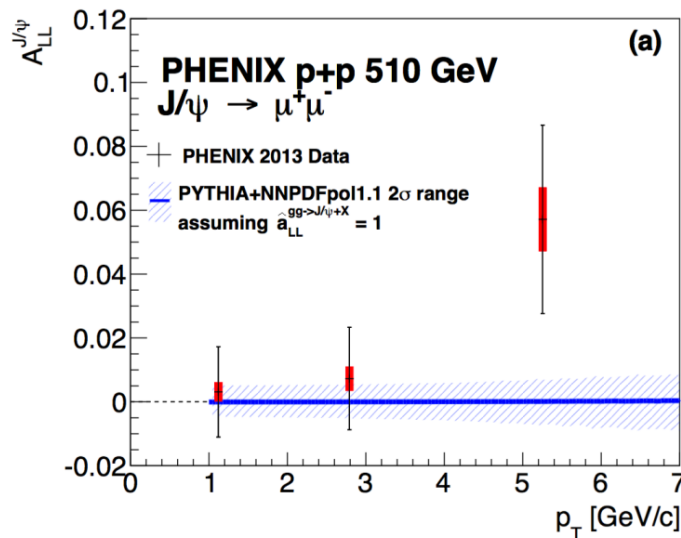
- Non-vanishing A_{LL}
- Increasingly positive with p_T and \sqrt{s}
- Global fits do not yet include $\sqrt{s}=510$ GeV data, but suggest that gluons contribute a significant fraction of the proton spin
 - Small x still not fully explored
- New data provides constraint down to $x \sim 10^{-2}$



ΔG : towards lower x at forward rapidity

J/ψ @ 510 GeV, $1.2 < |y| < 2.2$

Just submitted to PRD: arXiv:1606.01815

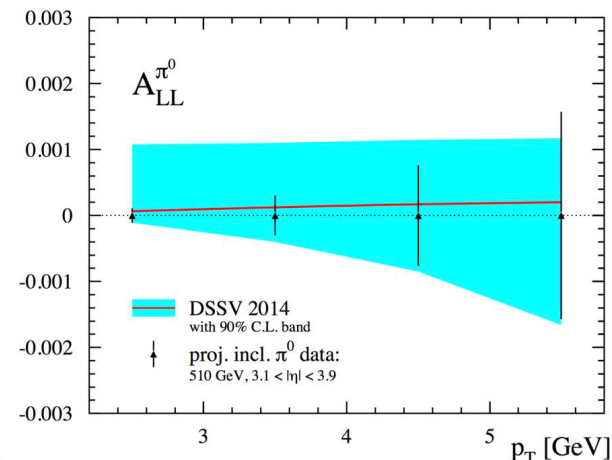


accesses down to $x \sim 2 \times 10^{-3}$

Coming soon:

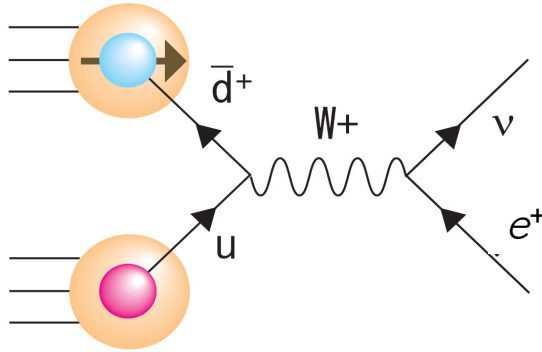
$\pi^0 A_{LL}$ @ 510 GeV, $3.1 < |\eta| < 3.9$

Projection: arXiv: 1501.01220



The missing pieces in $\Delta\Sigma$ through $W^{+/-} A_L$

PRD 93, 051103(R)(2016)



$$A_L = \frac{N^+(e) - N^-(e)}{N^+(e) + N^-(e)}$$

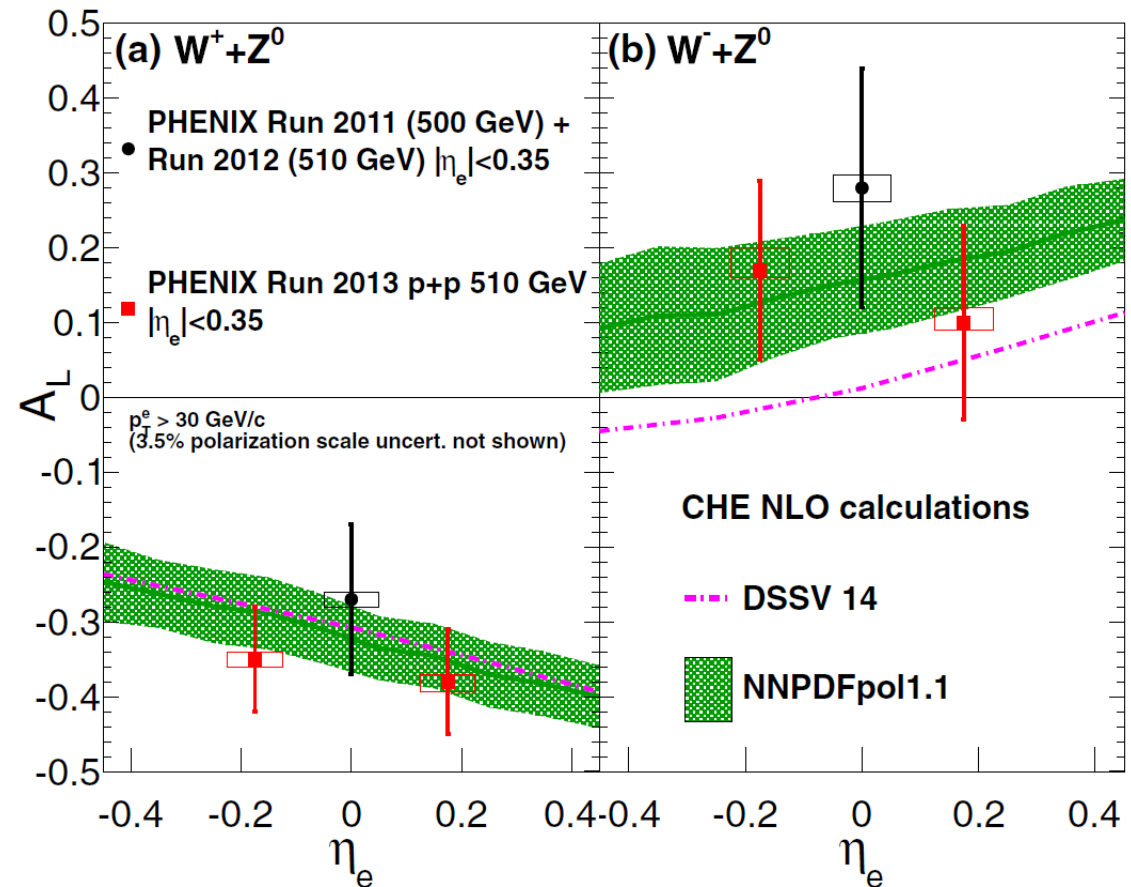
- Parity violating W production:

Fixes quark helicity and flavor

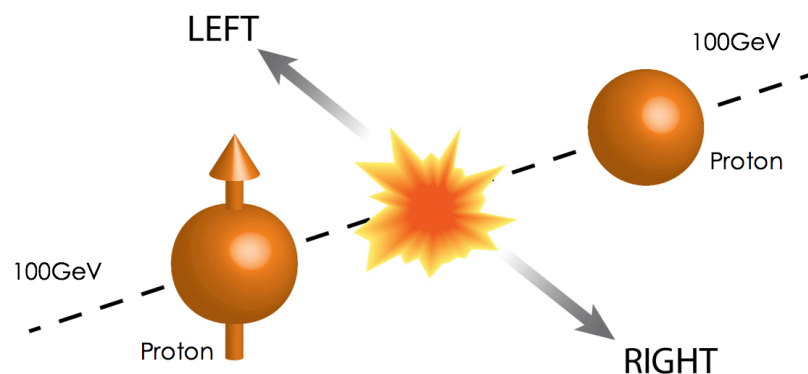
$$u_L \bar{d}_R \rightarrow W^+ \quad d_L \bar{u}_R \rightarrow W^-$$

- measure A_L of the outgoing leptons
- no fragmentation involved
- $x \sim M_W / \sqrt{s} \sim 0.16$
- extract $\Delta\bar{u}$, $\Delta\bar{d}$

$$A_L^{W^+} = \frac{-\Delta u(x_1) \bar{d}(x_2) + \Delta \bar{d}(x_1) u(x_2)}{u(x_1) \bar{d}(x_2) + \bar{d}(x_1) u(x_2)}$$



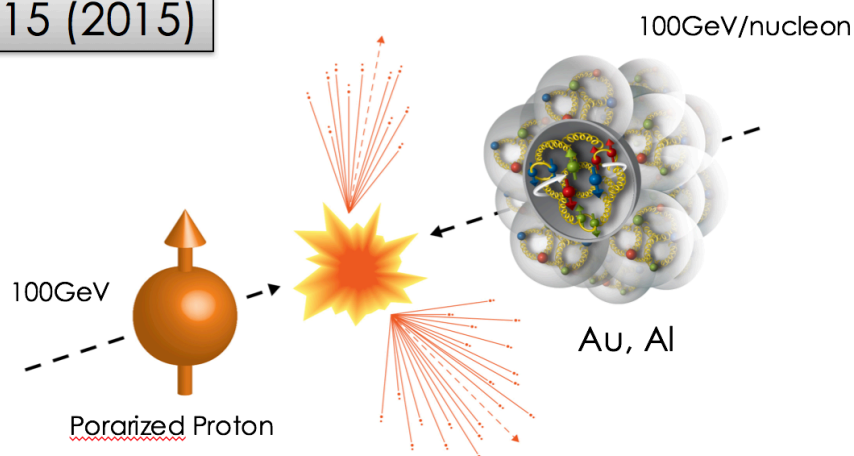
Preference for larger $\Delta\bar{u}$ than in DSSV



$$A_N = \frac{d\sigma_L - d\sigma_R}{d\sigma_L + d\sigma_R}$$

Many topics: both initial and final state effects

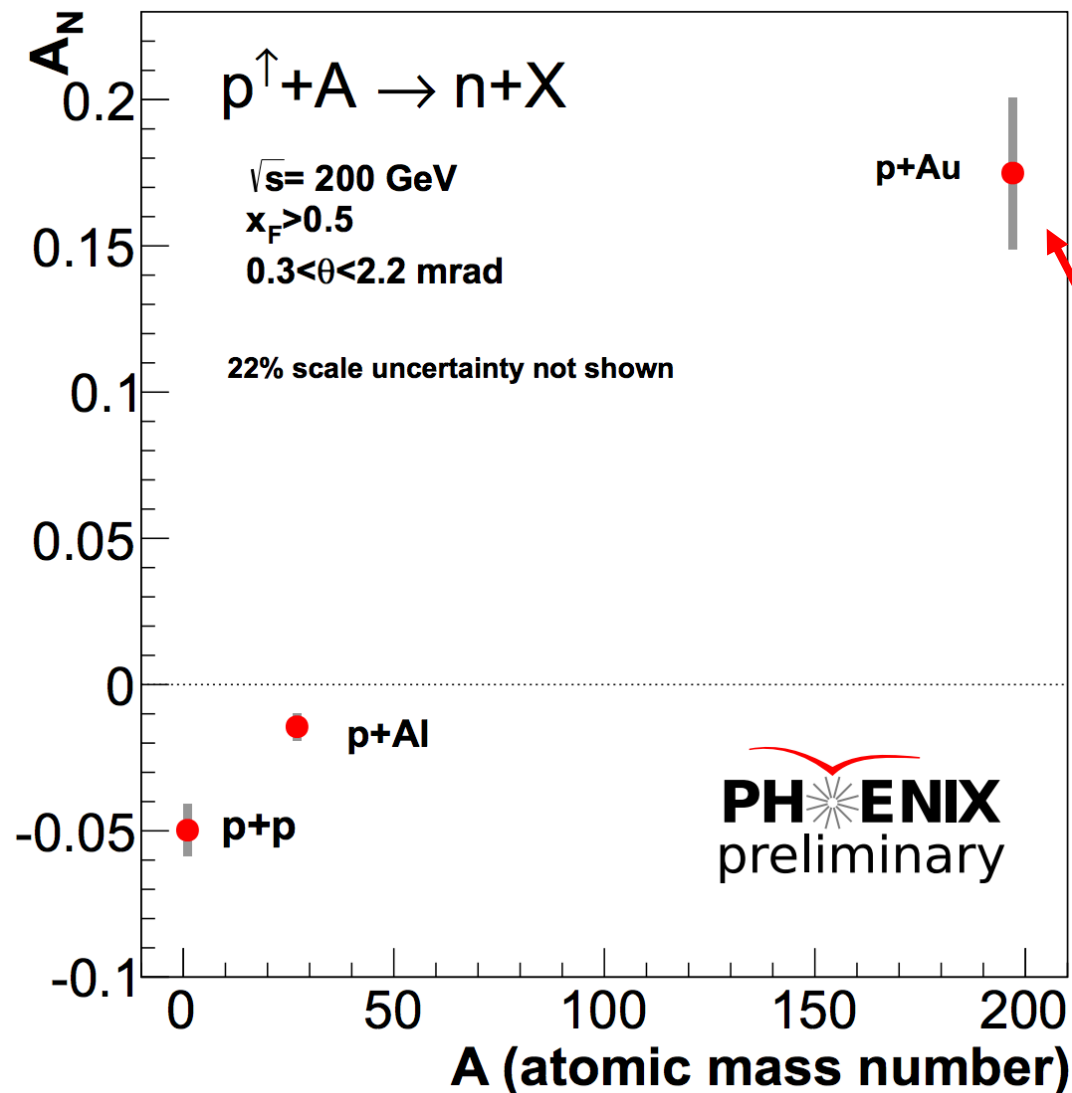
Run15 (2015)



The first-ever $p^\uparrow + A$ collisions:

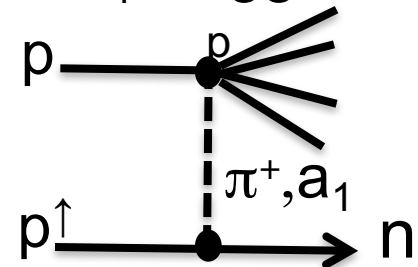
Huge nuclear effect in forward neutron A_N !

Forward neutron A_N



Known effect in $p^\uparrow p$

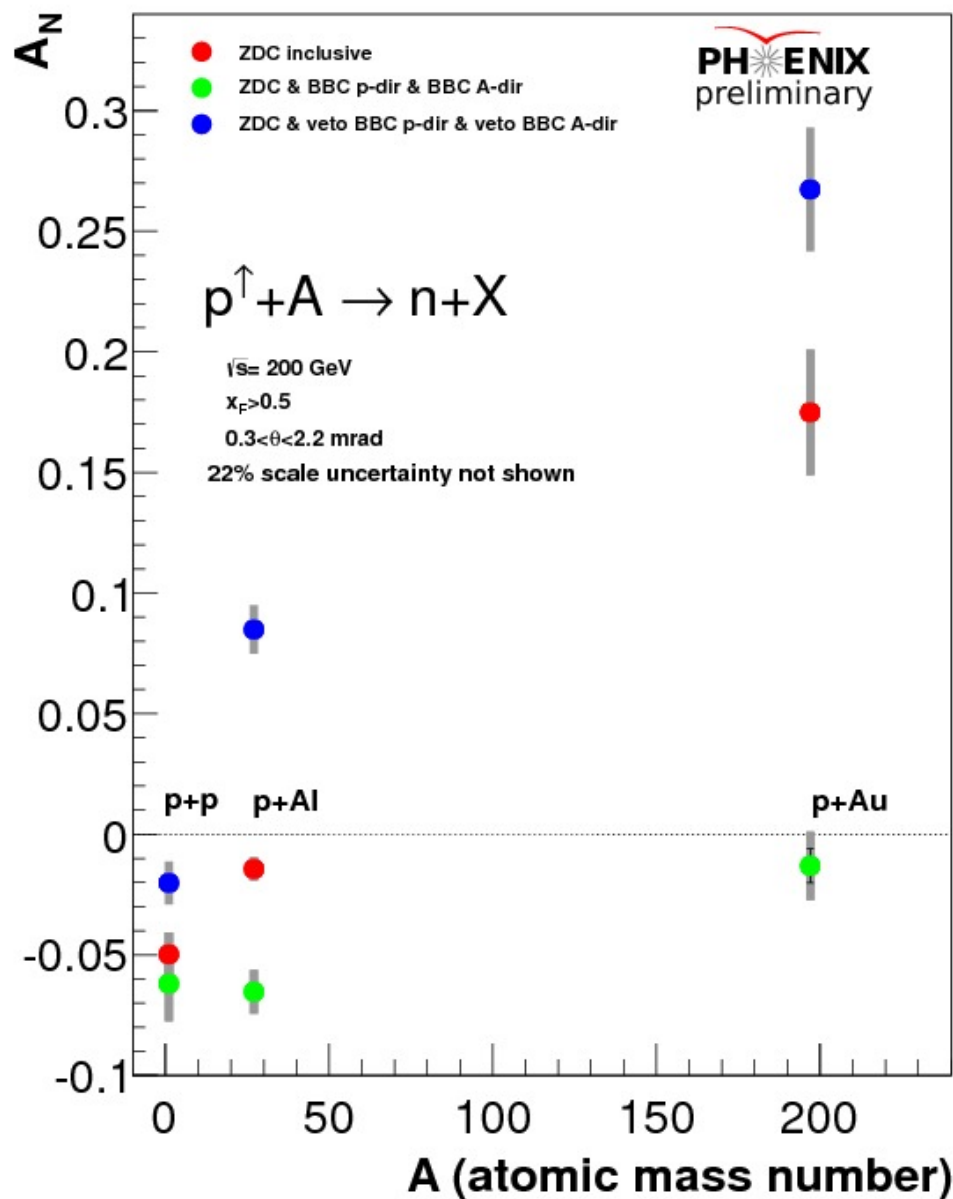
Well described by interference between π and a_1 Reggeon



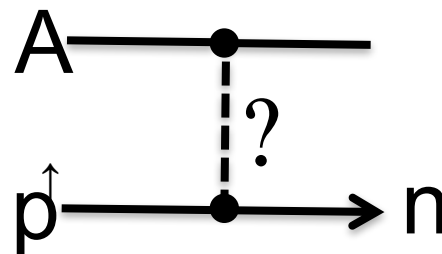
Surprise — huge A dependence:
 factor of ~ 3 increase in magnitude
 Even the sign changes

Simple π - a_1 interference predicts small dependence

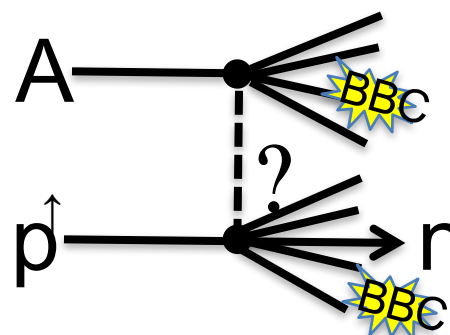
Investigating nuclear effects in forward neutron A_N



Both BBC veto



Both BBC Fired



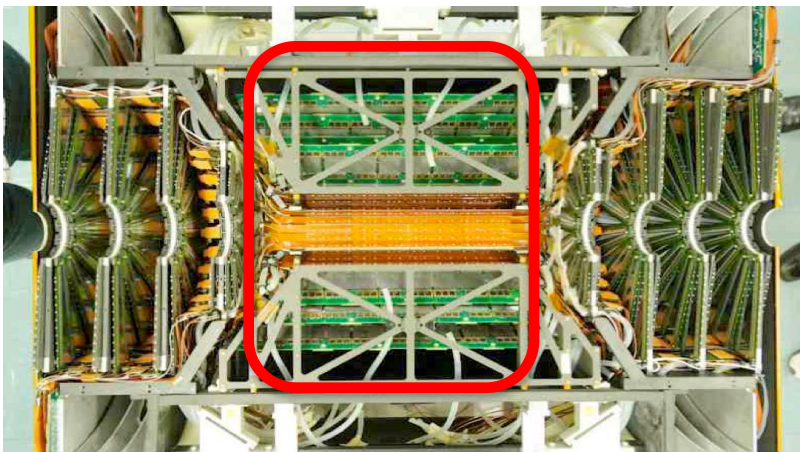
- Multiple mechanisms contribute?
- UPC or/and high parton density effect?

Need theoretical input !

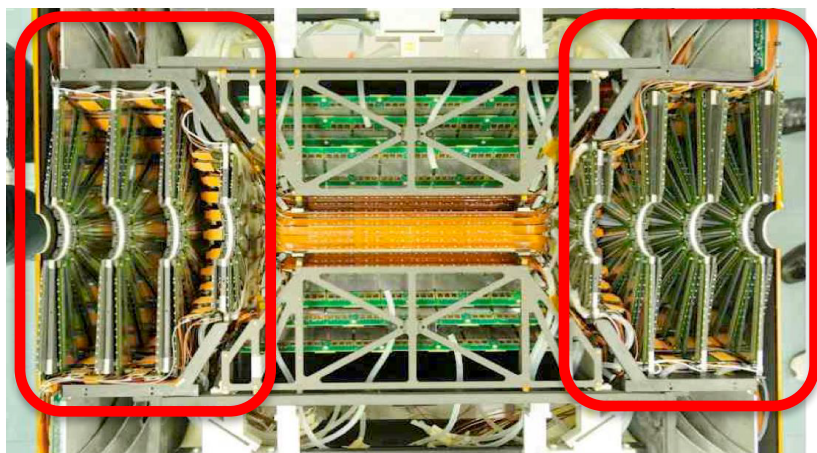
HOT TOPICS IN HEAVY IONS

QGP	A+A , A+B	p/d/ ³ He +Au
Microscopic structure	E_{loss} in separated charm and bottom Jets	Jets
System evolution	Direct photon flow	Collective flow of hadrons

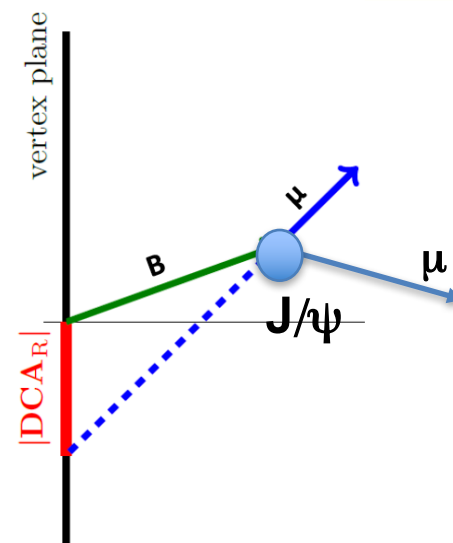
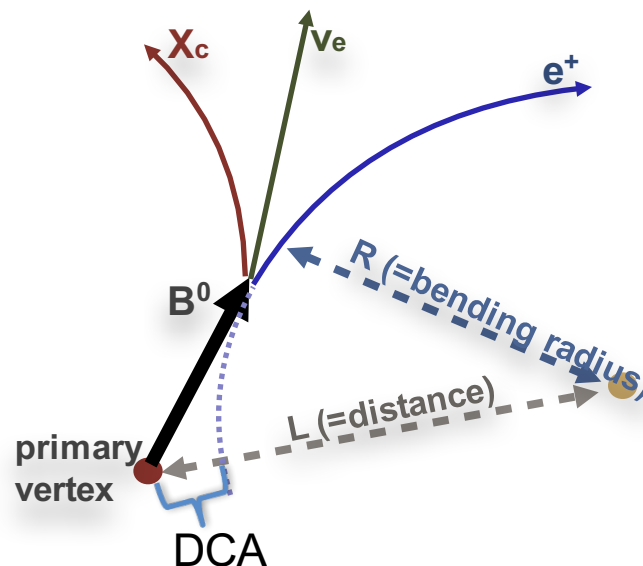
c/b separation by secondary vertex



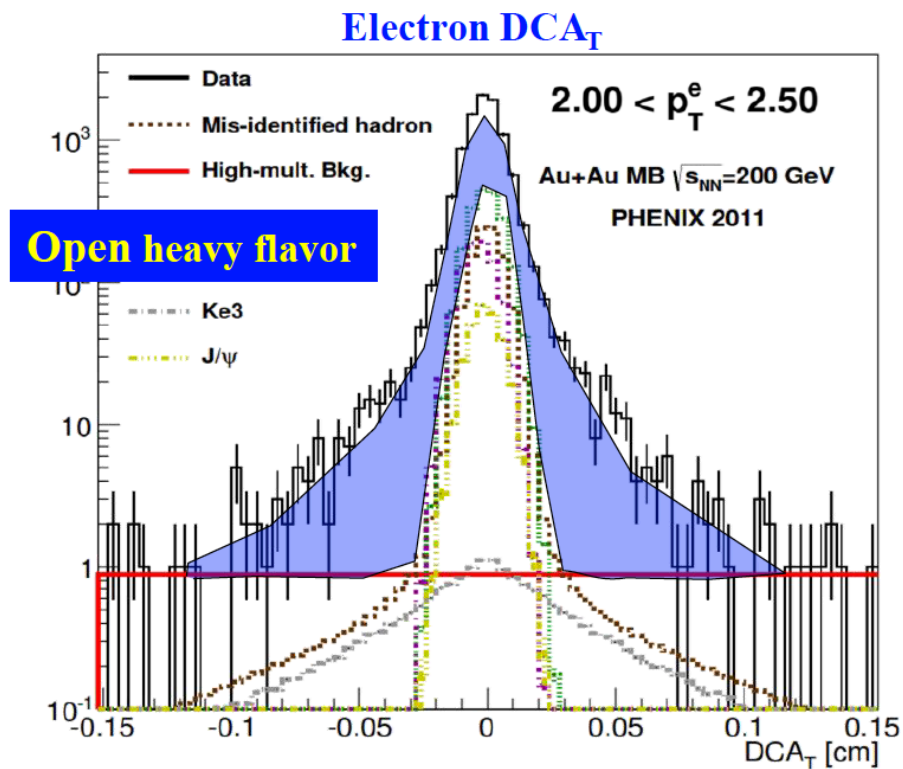
VTX detector



FVTX detector



R_{AA} for electrons from charm and bottom



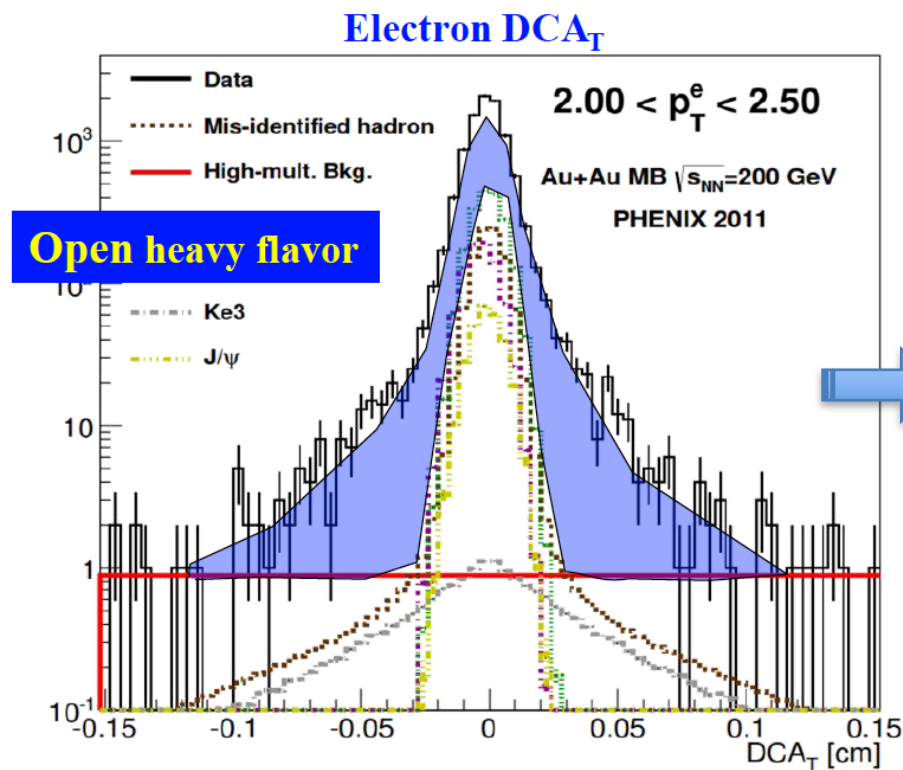
Phys. Rev. C93, 034904 (2016)

R_{AA} for electrons from charm and bottom

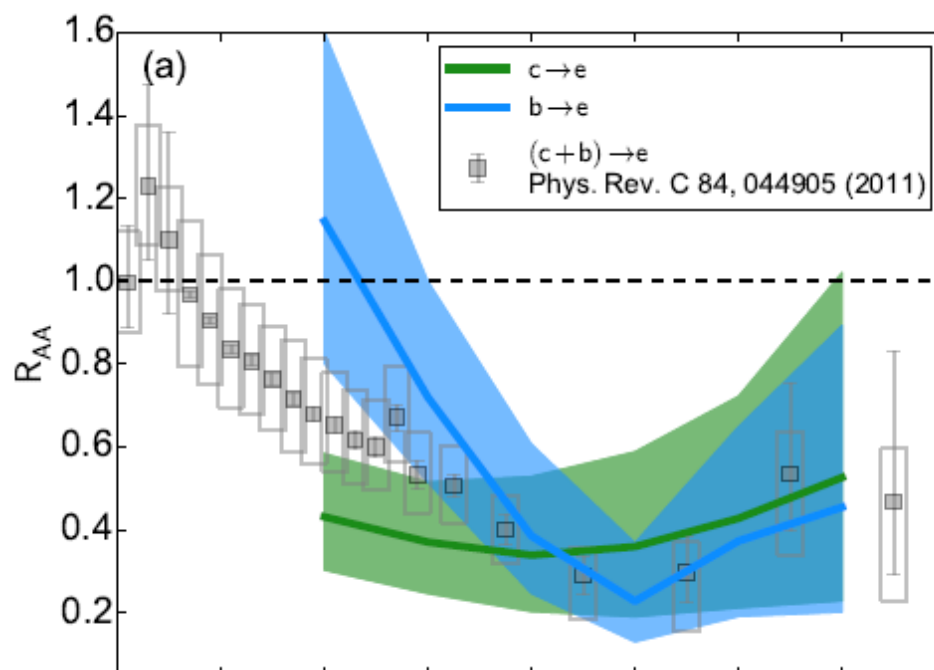
Unfolding to obtain $b/(c+b)$ electron fraction in Au+Au

Combine with previous results in pp from correlation analysis

→ R_{AA} for $c \rightarrow e$ and $b \rightarrow e$ separately!

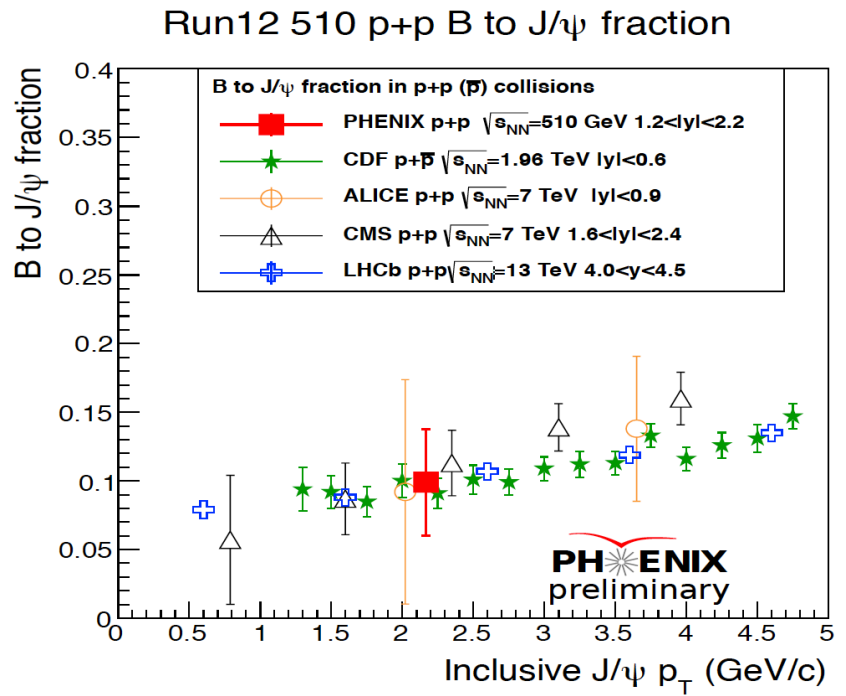


Phys. Rev. C93, 034904 (2016)



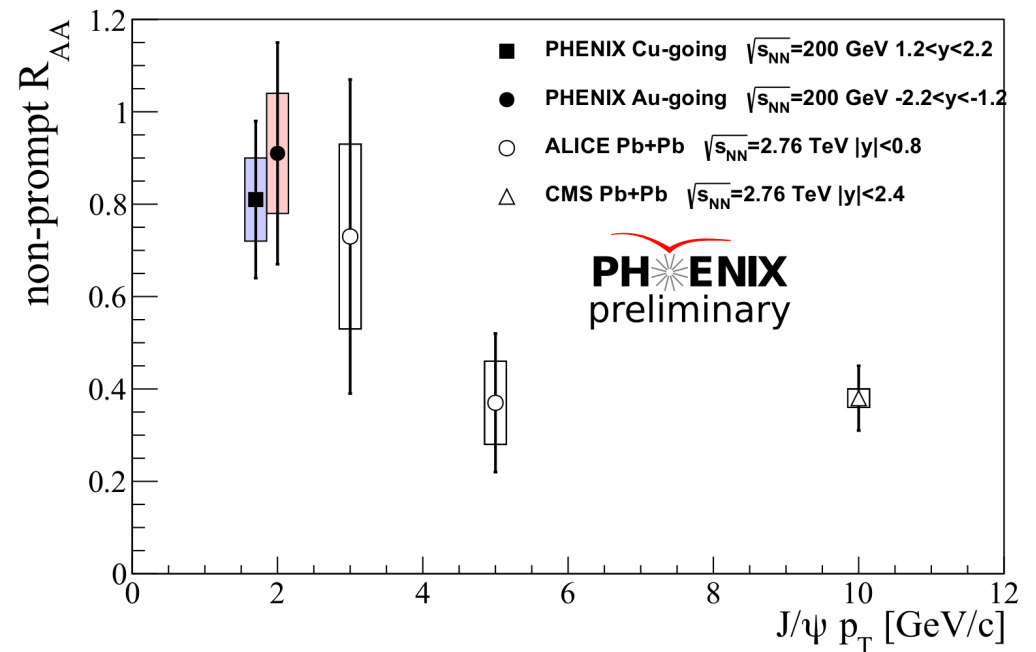
Charm and bottom similarly suppressed at high p_T
Bottom less below ~ 3 GeV/c !
A factor of ~ 20 more statistics from Run 14 & 16 !
Stay tuned for future updates !

B→J/ψ in pp (510 GeV) and CuAu (200 GeV)



NEW Release for Users' meeting !

$$R_{AA}^{B \rightarrow J/\psi} = \frac{F_{B \rightarrow j/\psi}^{AA}}{F_{B \rightarrow j/\psi}^{pp}} R_{AA}^{J/\psi} = \frac{F_{B \rightarrow j/\psi}^{AA}}{0.1} R_{AA}^{J/\psi}$$

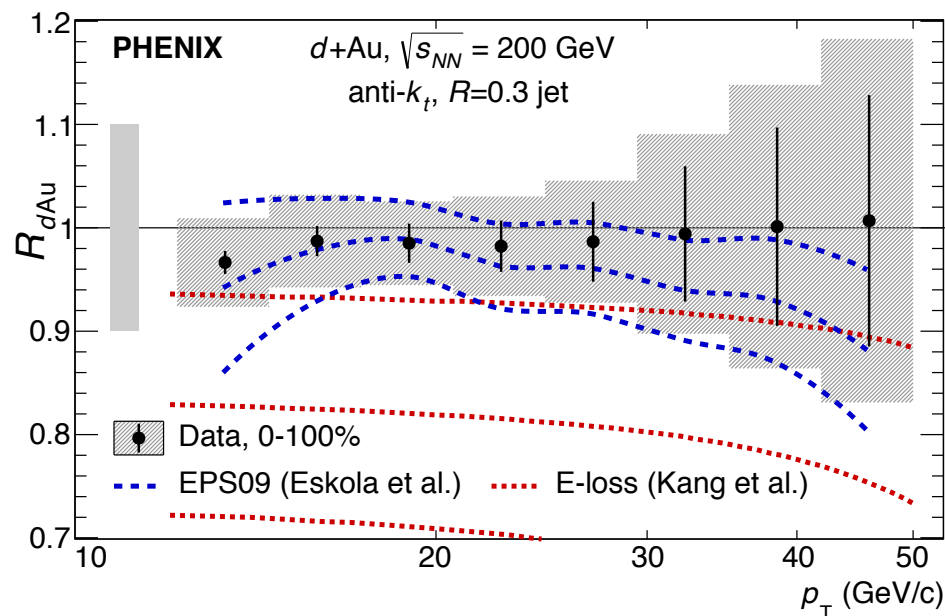
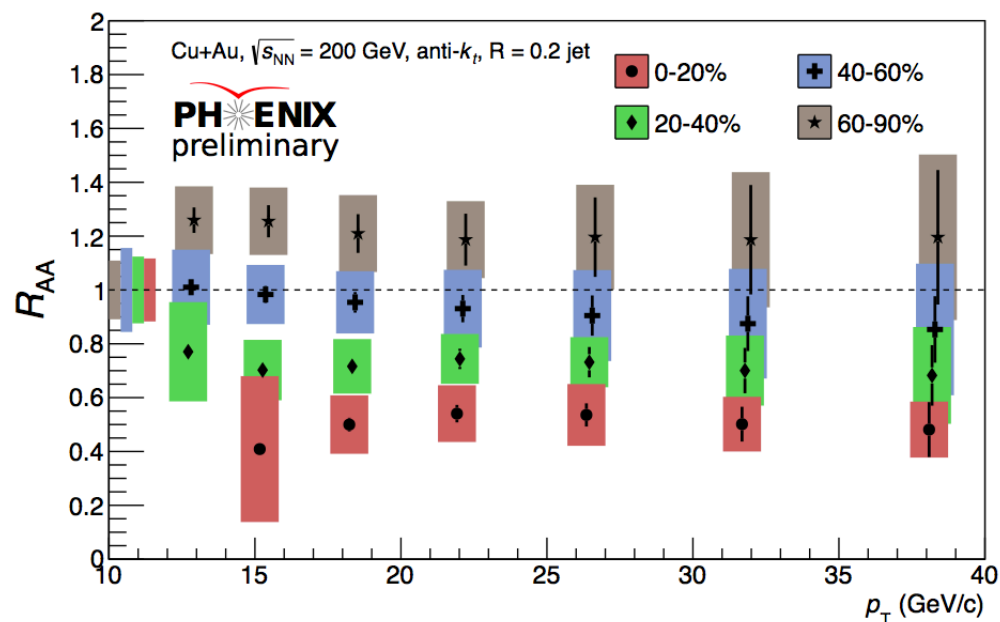


B less suppressed than J/ψ

Jets in Cu+Au and d+Au

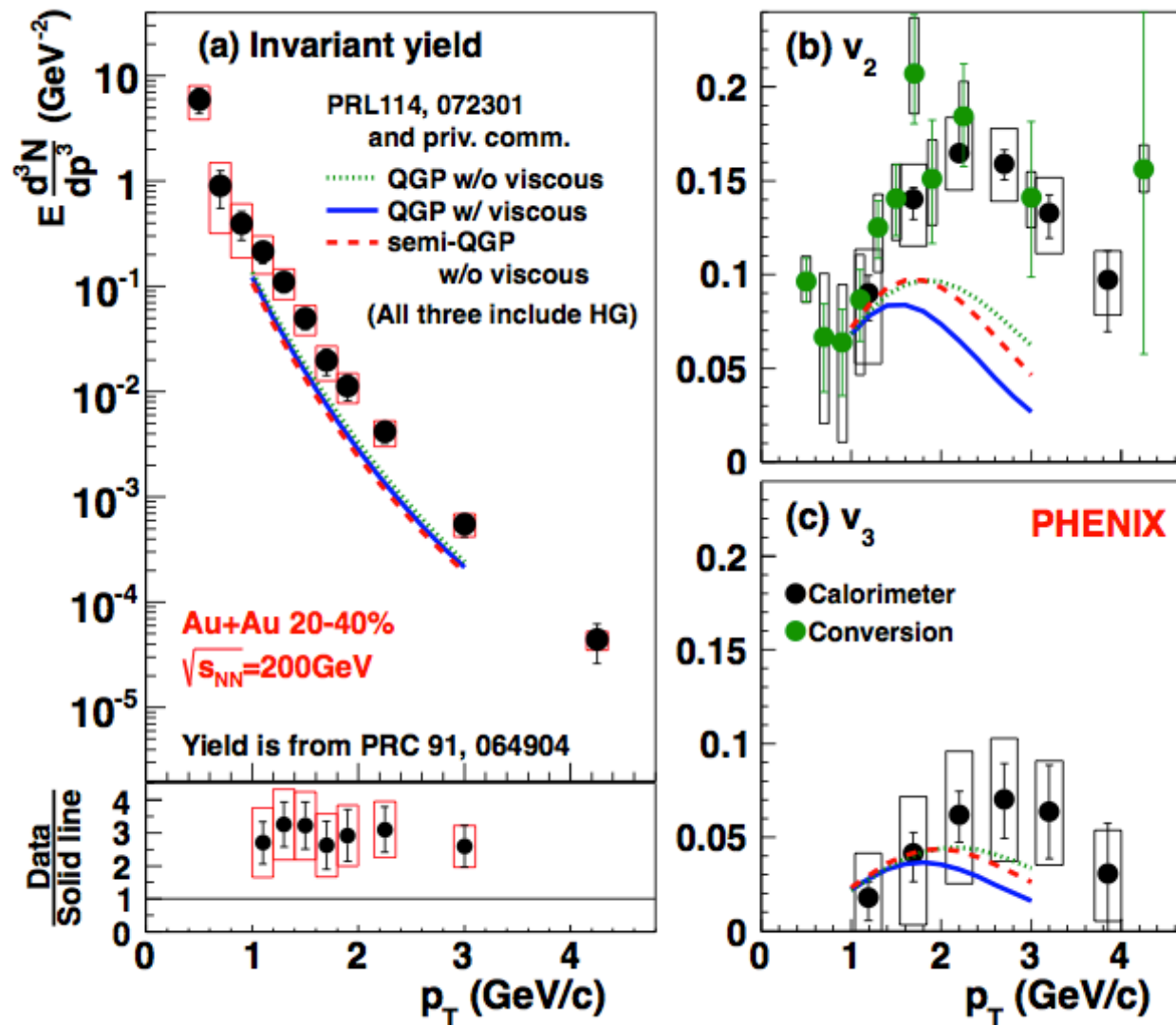
2016 RHIC/AGS Thesis award !
Arbin Timilsina

Phys. Rev. Lett. **116**, 122301 (2016)



- jets suppressed by ~factor of 2 in central Cu+Au collisions
- suppression shows no p_T dependence
- In d+Au:
 - no suppression in minimum bias events
 - surprising centrality dependence

Large system evolution: Au+Au probed with direct photons



arXiv:1509.07758

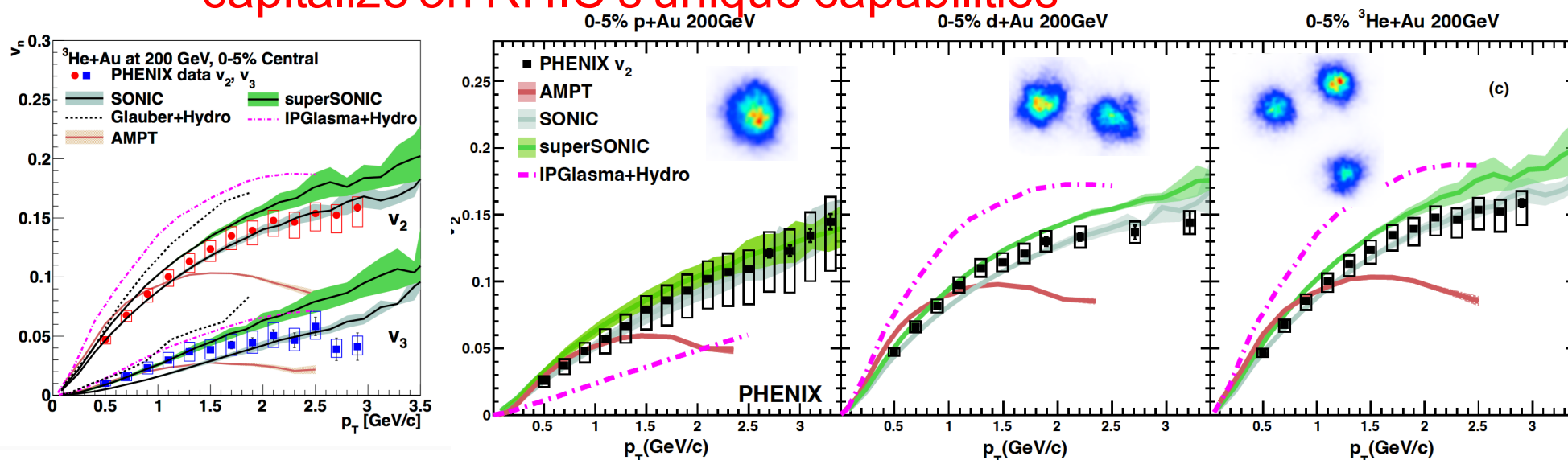
Simultaneous
description of large
yield and large flow
difficult

Late emission
important

Shining sQGP

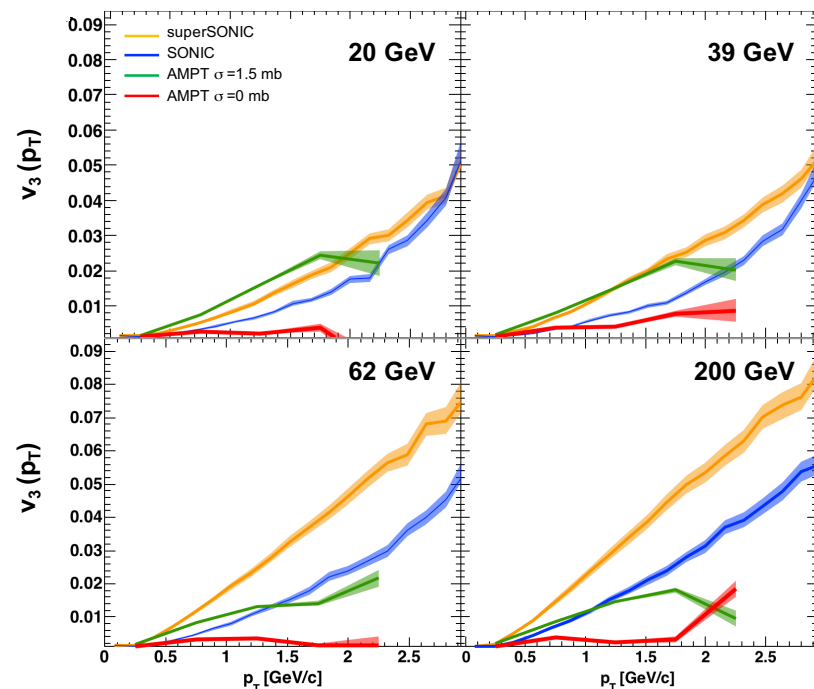
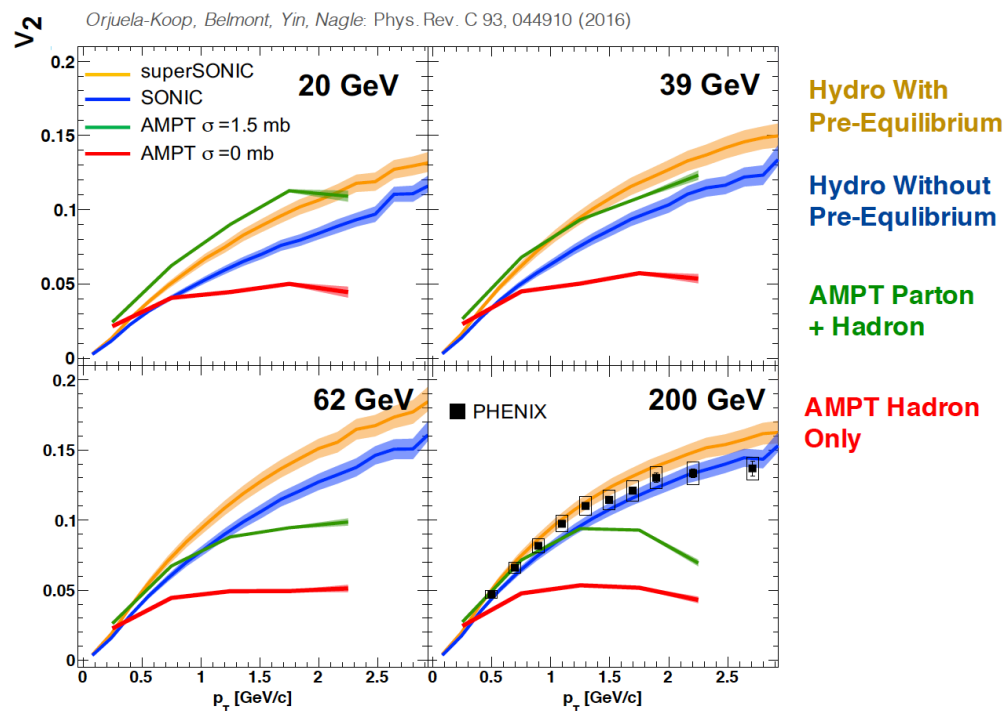
Collectivity in small systems

- Ample experimental evidence for collective effects in small systems at top RHIC energy and at the LHC
 - Ridges, multiparticle correlations
 - Particle species dependence in v_2 and spectra (dAu, pPb)
 - Yet, many competing explanations
 - Geometry controlled experiments: pAu, dAu, $^3\text{HeAu}$ => **capitalize on RHIC's unique capabilities**



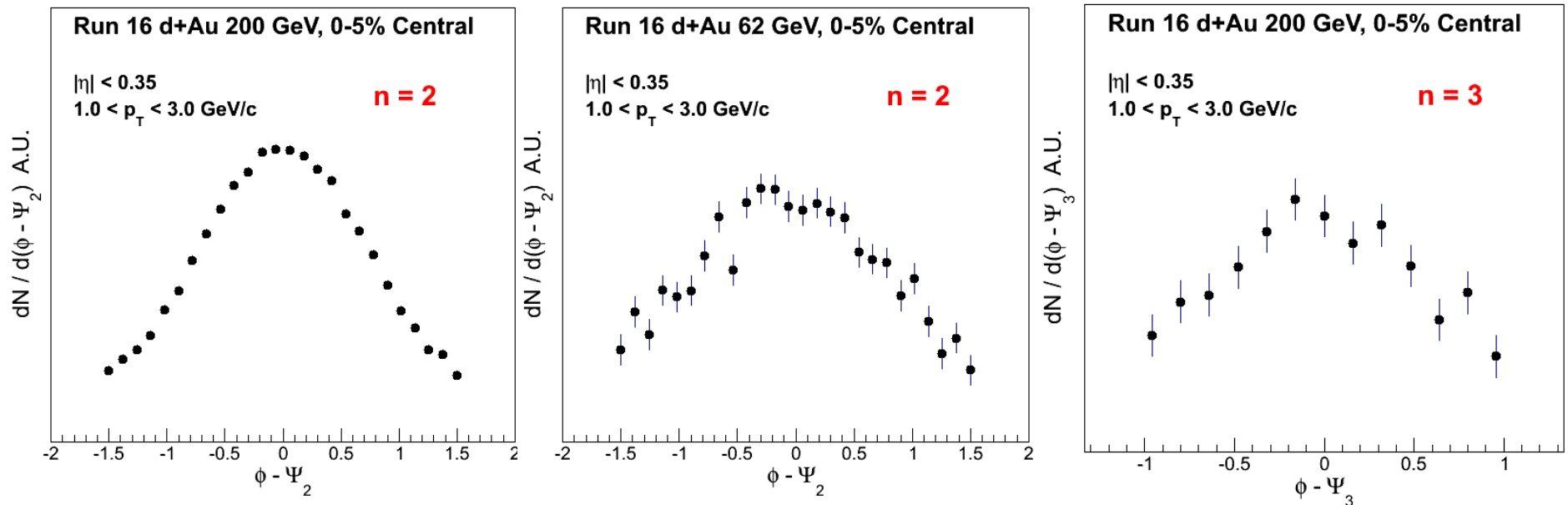
- **Strong constraints on the initial state**

Model predictions for v_2 and v_3



- v_2 : weak energy dependence
- hadronic **only** flow **ruled out at 200 GeV**
- triangular flow takes a longer time to develop => much more sensitive to the shorter and shorter QGP lifetime at the lower energies
- Large difference between SuperSONIC, SONIC and AMPT
- v_3 collapses if the system is hadronic

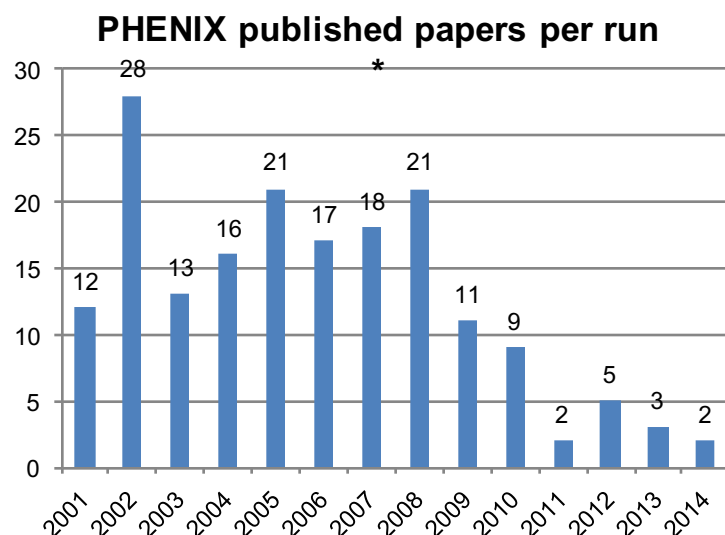
PHENIXians hard at work checking and analyzing Run 16 d+Au data!



- Great enthusiasm for the d+Au BES physics
- Online data production, and online analysis !
- First signs of v_2 at 200 GeV and 62 GeV
- First indication of non-zero v_3 in d+Au at 200 GeV!

What's next for PHENIX ?

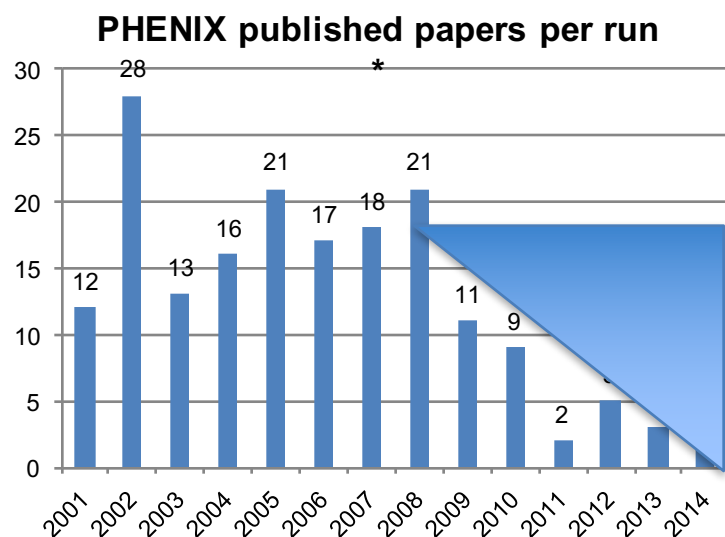
- Data taking ends with Run 16, but this is not the end of PHENIX !
- >300 active collaborators



- A lot of physics topics in
 - pp at 500/510 GeV
 - pp at 200 GeV
 - p+Al and pAu at 200 GeV
 - Cu+Au at 200 GeV
 - Au+Au at 200 GeV
 - U+U at 193 GeV
 - d+Au at 200,62,39,20 GeV

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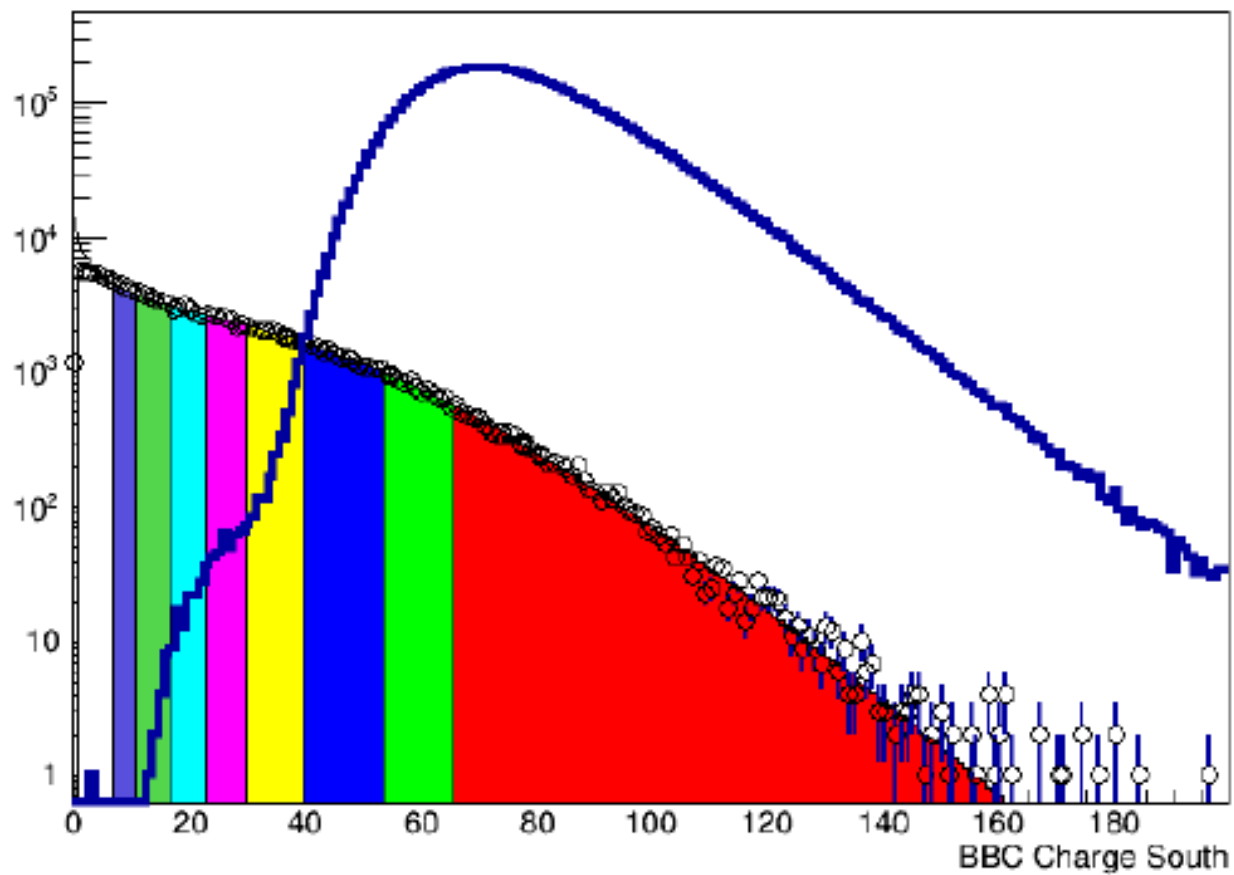
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BACKUP

Trigger at 200 GeV dAu



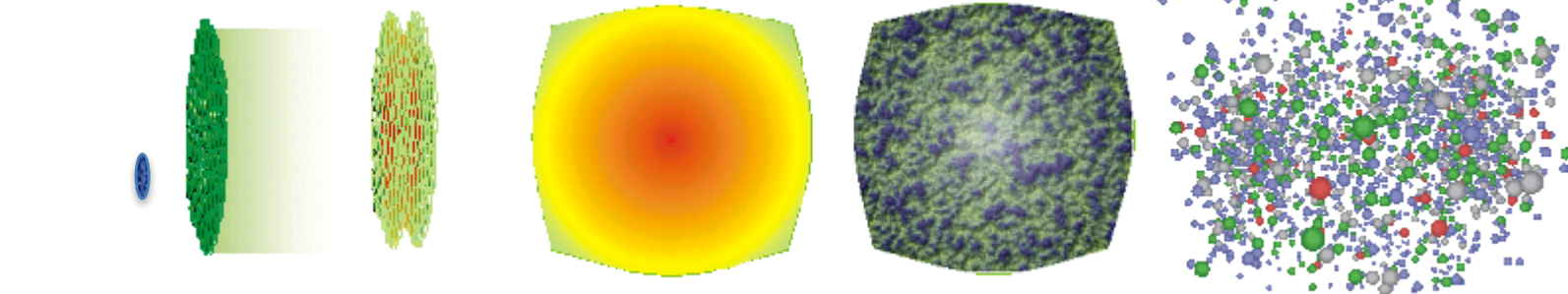
Collectivity in small systems: challenges remain

- Challenge for our understanding of perfect fluid hydrodynamics and the minimal conditions necessary for quark-gluon plasma formation
 - How is equilibration achieved ?
 - Role of pre-equilibrium dynamics ?
 - Is there a smallest QGP droplet ?
 - Role of hadronic flow?
- BES with d+Au collisions (well controlled geometry) aims to disentangle different stages of the system evolution
 - as system spends less and less time in hydrodynamic equilibrium, pre-equilibrium and hadronic contributions gain importance with decreasing beam energy

Small system evolution: confront models with data

Pre-equilibrium flow ?

Hadronization via coalescence?



Initial state

Quark Gluon Plasma?
thermally equilibrated?
Hydrodynamic collective flow ?

Hadronic phase flow ?

SuperSONIC: preequilibrium + QGP hydro + hadronic cascade

SONIC: QGP hydro + hadronic cascade

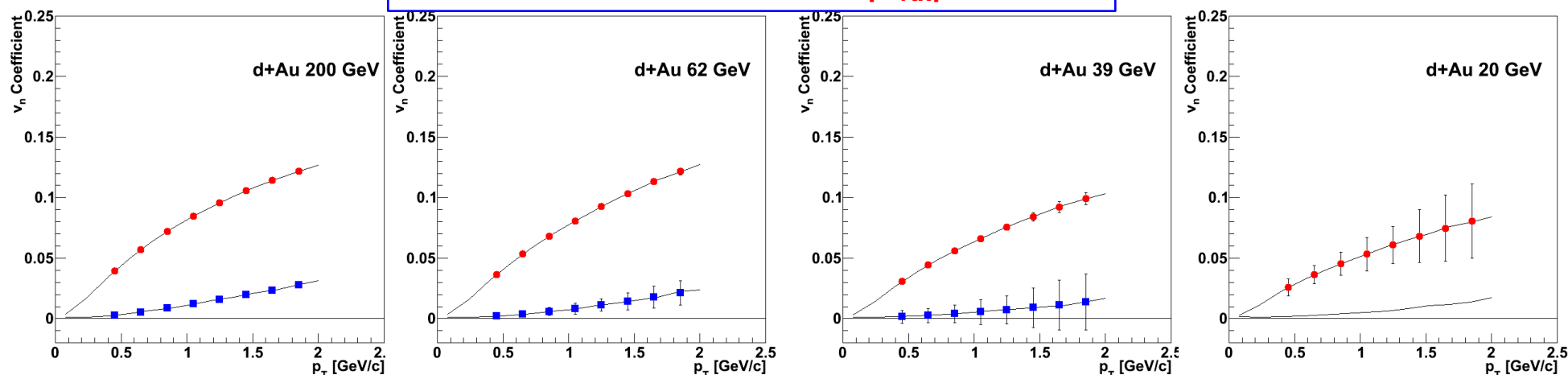
AMPT($\sigma = 1.5$ mb): partonic cascade + coalescence + hadronic cascade

AMPT($\sigma = 0$ mb): hadronic cascade

- The role of different stages of the system evolution
can be assessed in a BES through model comparisons

Projections (based on SONIC) for 5 weeks BES

0-5% central events within $|z_{vtx}| < 10$ cm



1 week, 1.6 B evts

1 week, 160 M evts

1.5 weeks, 110M

1.5 weeks, 9M

robust baseline
 v_2 and v_3
measurements

All 3 lower energies for robust v_2 measurements to establish

- role of pre-equilibrium stage
- role of hadronic stage

Factor of ~20 stat
increase from Run8
FVTX improved EP

v_3 at lower energy:
more sensitive to time
spent in QGP

Does v_3 collapse at lower energy ?
upper limits of v_3 can be established

same detector
conditions=>
systematics control
in the BES

Statistically significant
measurements for
both v_2 and v_3

Transition region
for v_3 collapse

Largest lever arm
for v_2
measurements

Projected EP resolution in BES

He3 +Au at 200 GeV: FVTX crucial for v_3 measurement

TABLE II. The resolution of n th-order event-plane angles measured by the BBC-S and FVTX-S detectors.

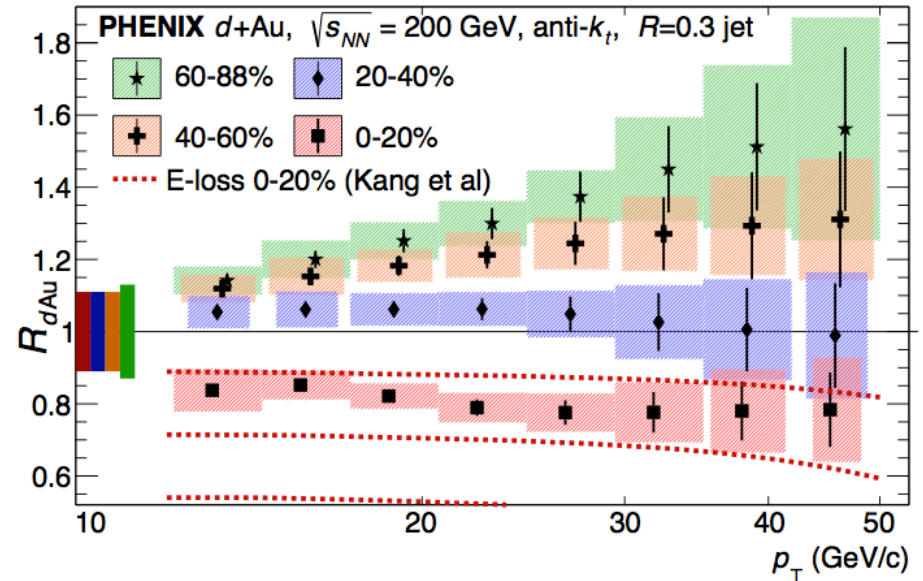
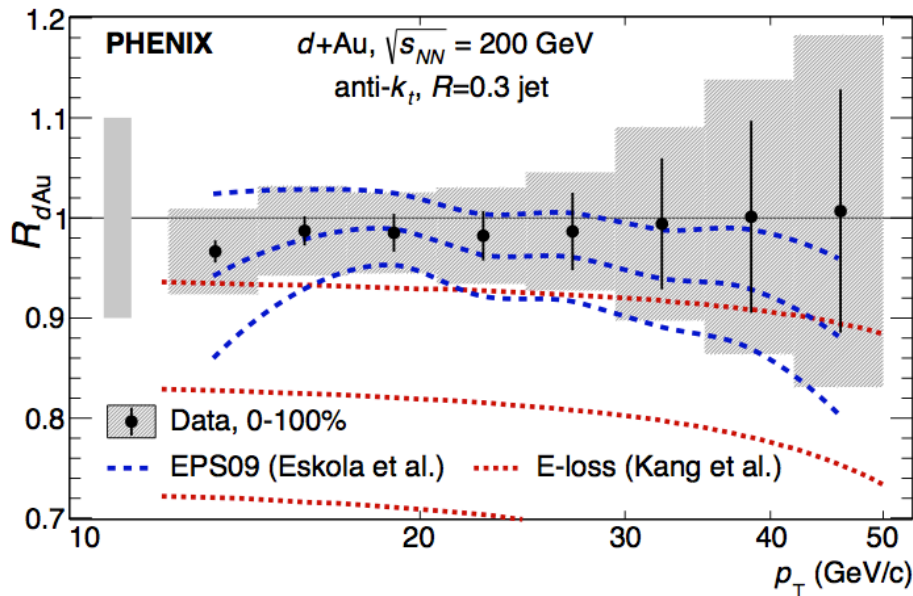
Subsystem	$\text{Res}(\Psi_2^{\text{Obs}})$	$\text{Res}(\Psi_3^{\text{Obs}})$
BBC-S ($-3.9 < \eta < -3.0$)	0.110	0.034
FVTX-S ($-2.5 < \eta < -1.5$)	0.232	0.052
FVTX-S ($-3.0 < \eta < -1.0$)	0.274	0.070

energy	$\text{Res}(\Psi_2)$	$\text{Res}(\Psi_3)$
200 GeV	0.249	0.070
62 GeV	0.187	0.041
39 GeV	0.136	0.025
20 GeV	0.093	0.022

Both resolution and statistics improved at 200 GeV compared to Run 8 dAu:
BBC \rightarrow FVTX; 80 M evts \rightarrow 1.6 B events

Jets in d+Au

arXiv:1509.04657



Strong centrality dependence

minimum bias jets show no energy loss

But different from that in Au+Au

Explanation would be anti-correlation
between hard and soft particle production